

Universality classes for Coulomb-frustrated phase separation

J. Lorenzana (Rome)

C. Ortix (Leiden) and C. Di Castro (Rome)



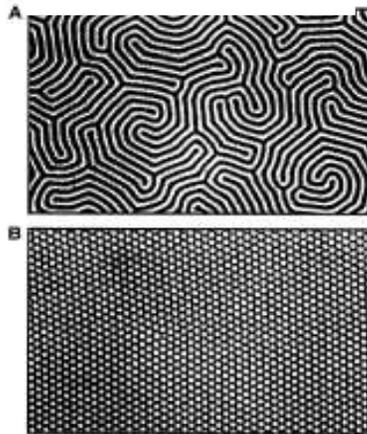
*Statistical
Mechanics
and Complexity*



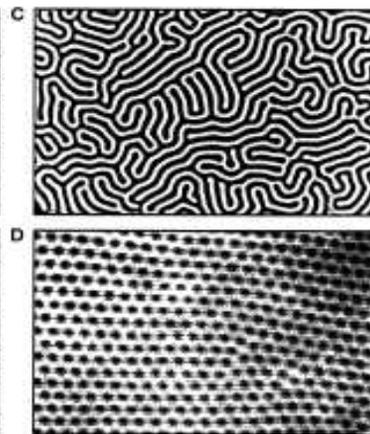
Mesososcopic separation

Seul and Andelman Science 1995

*Ferromagnetic
Film*



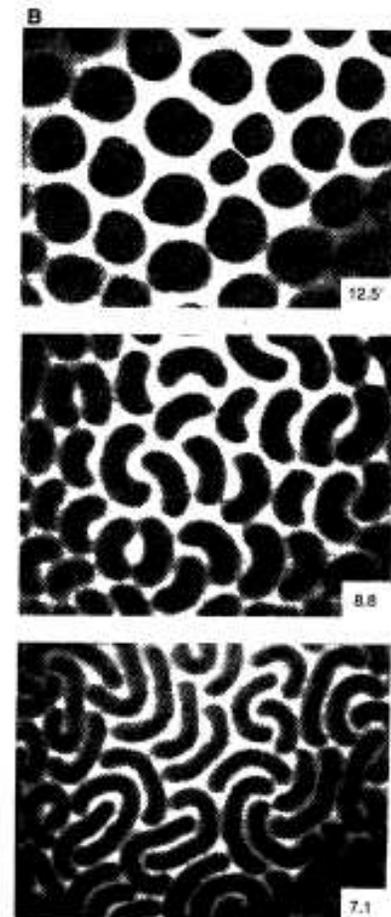
Ferrofluids



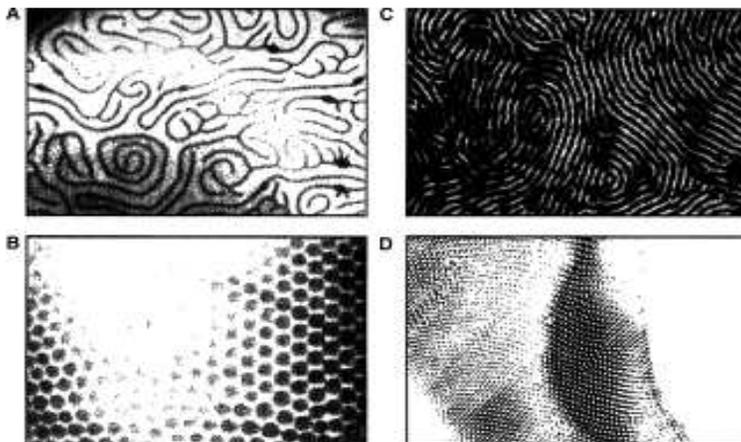
*Ferromagnetic
Film*



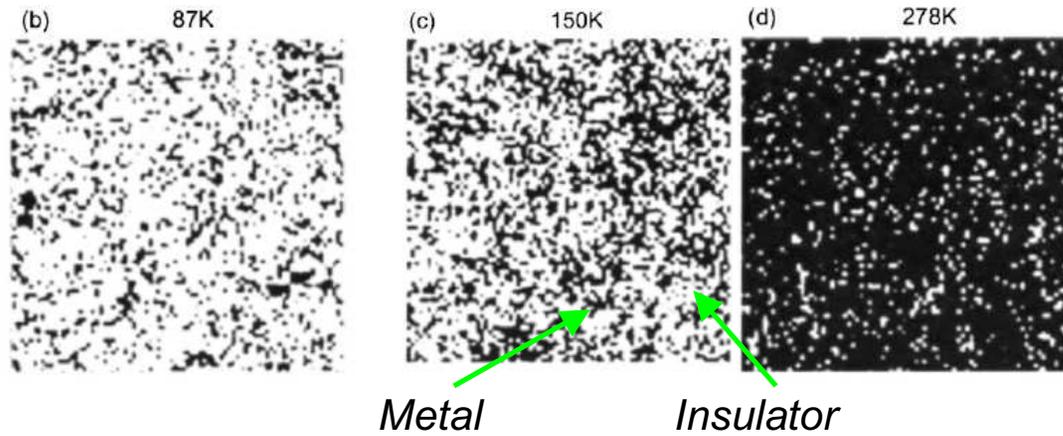
Copolimers



Copolimers

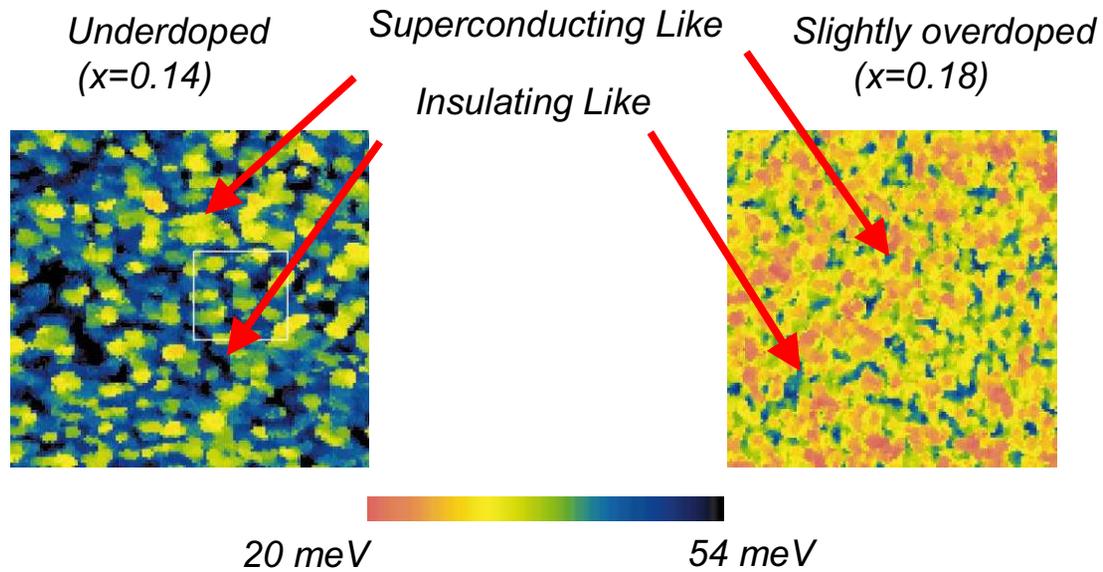


Manganites thin films



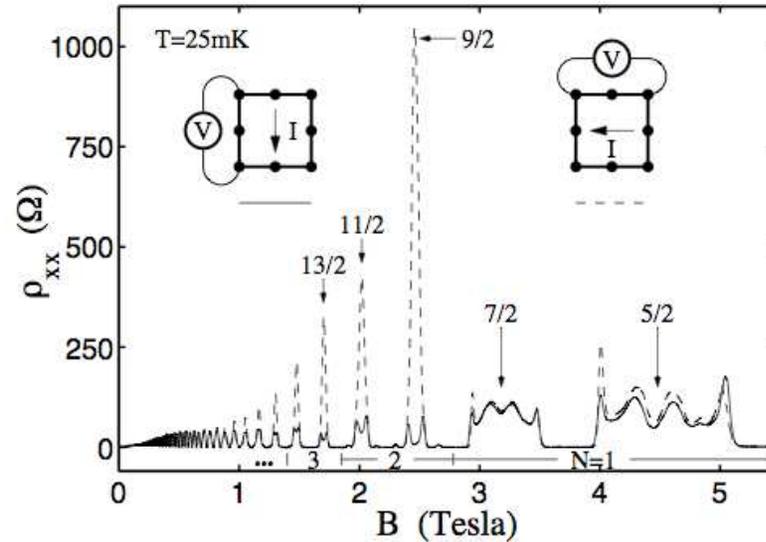
•T. Becker et al PRL **89**, 238203 (2002)

Cuprates



•Lang et al, Nature **415**, 412 (2002)

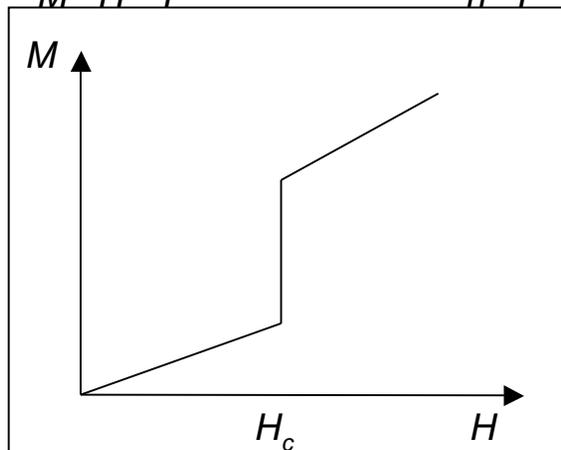
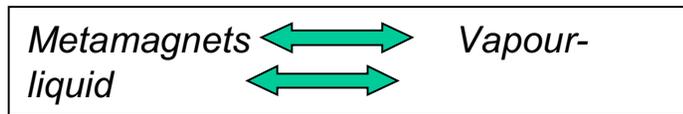
GaAs heterostructures



$T < 150$
mK

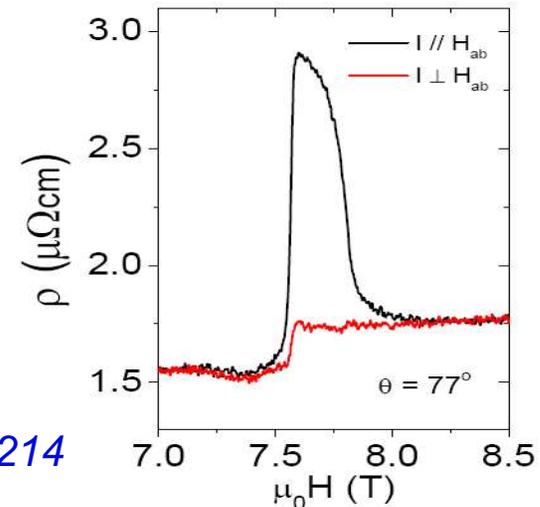
•M. P. Lilly et al. PRL **82**, 394 (1999)

Ruthenates

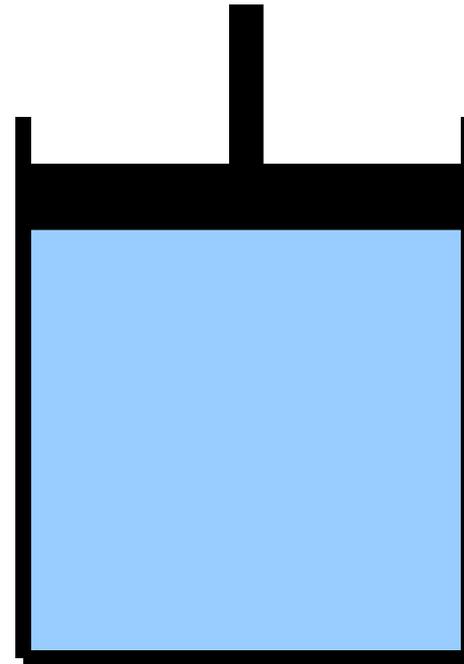
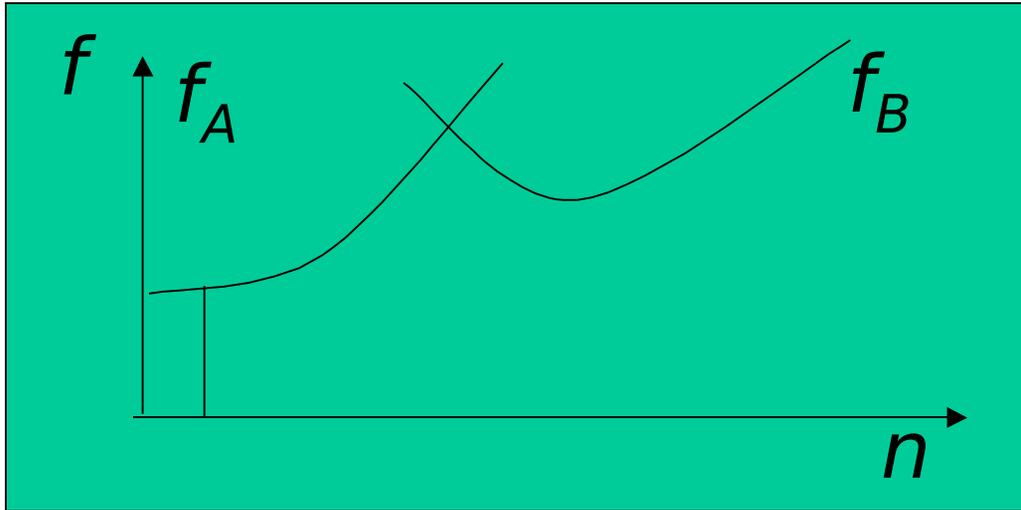


$T=100\text{ mK}$

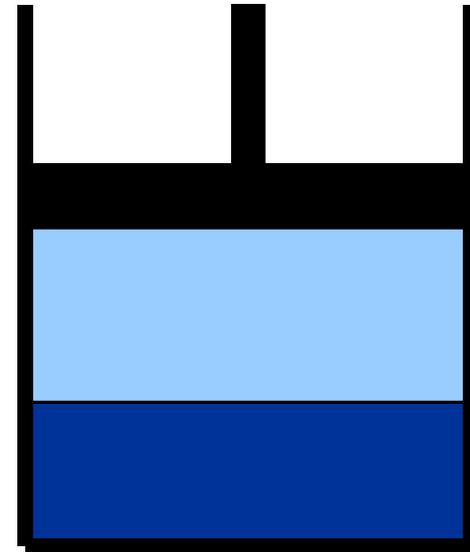
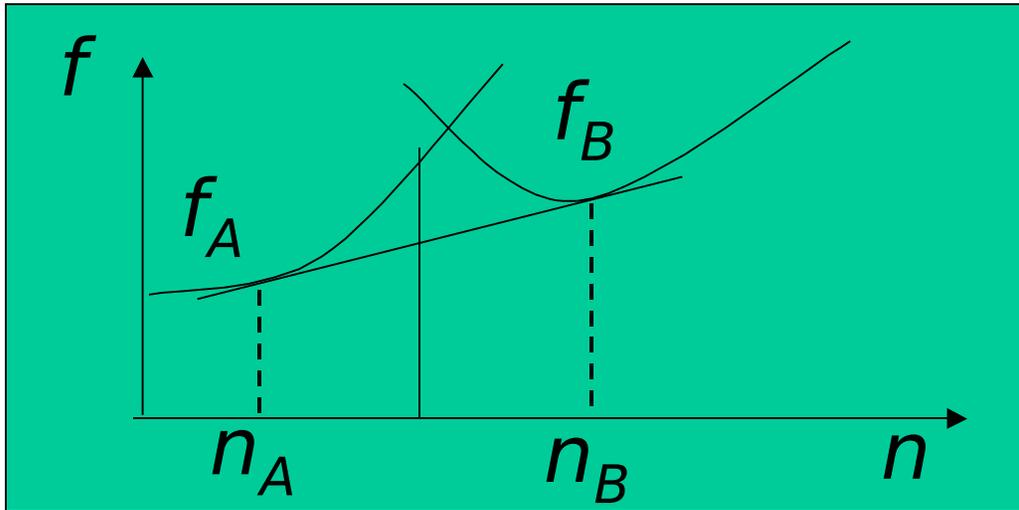
•Borzi et al. Science **315**, 214 (2007)



Macroscopic separation

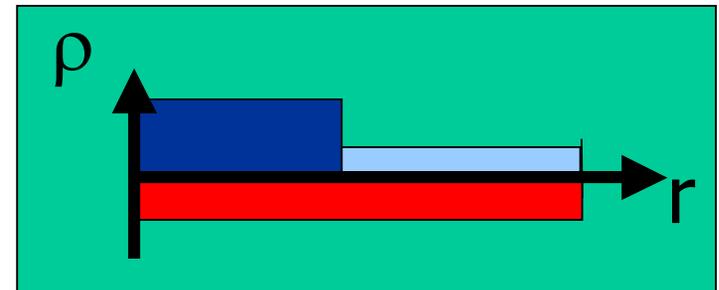


Macroscopic separation

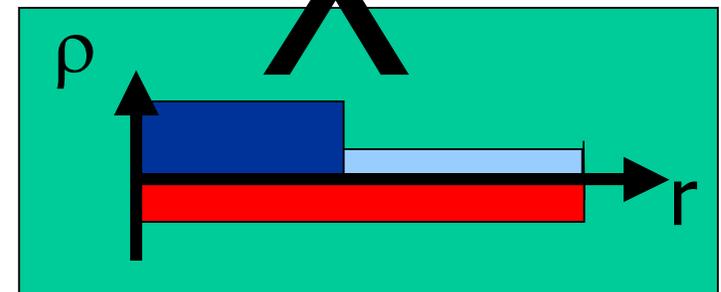
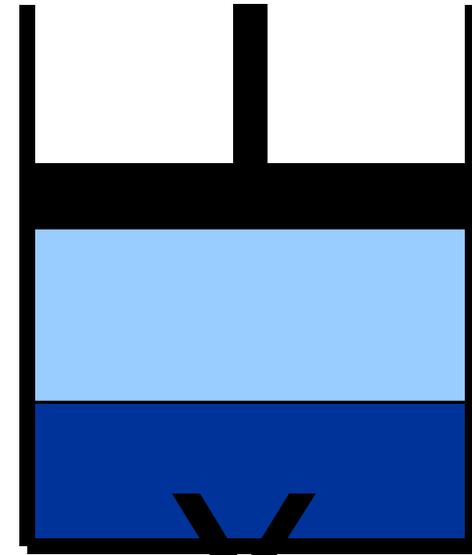
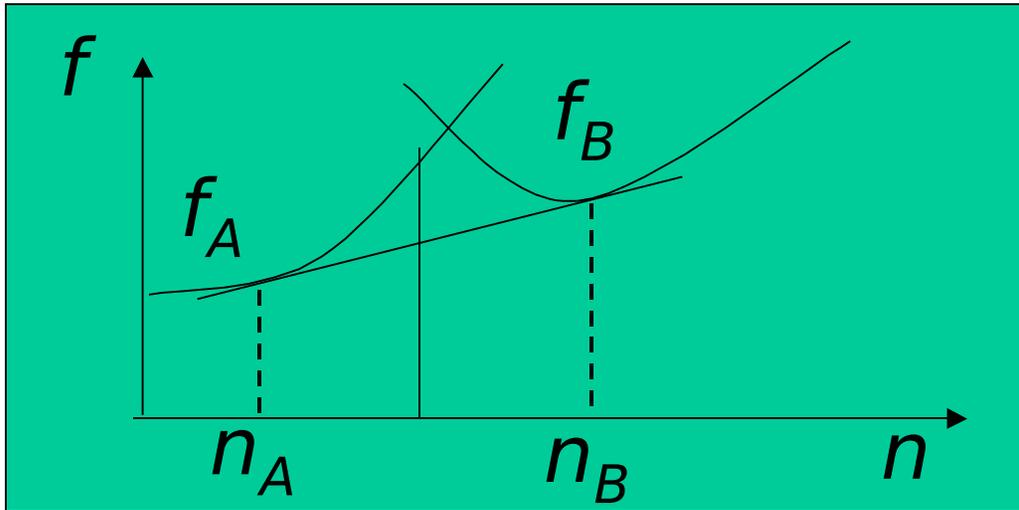


$$f \equiv (1-x)f_A + xf_B$$

$$n = (1-x)n_A + xn_B$$



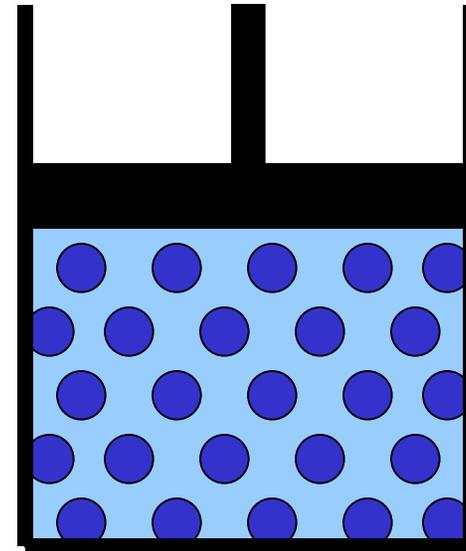
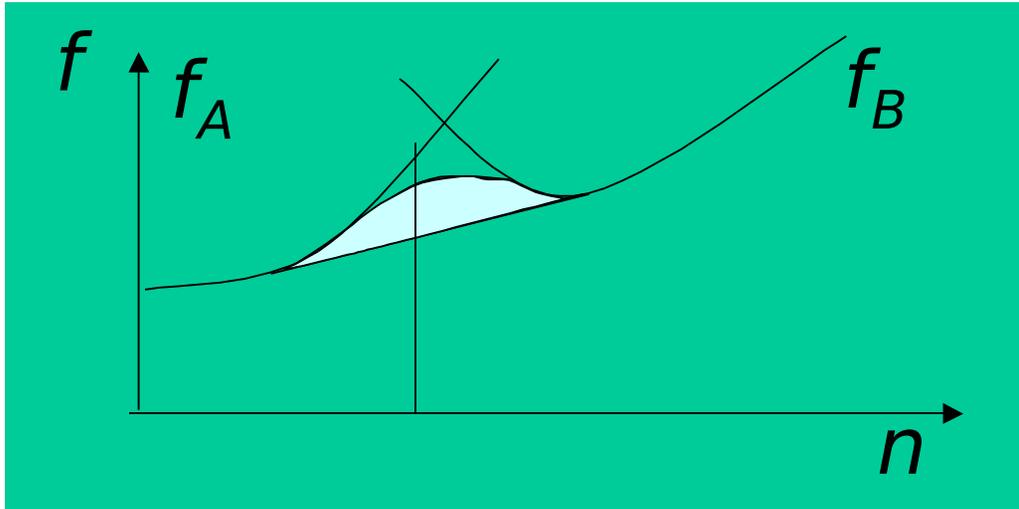
Macroscopic separation



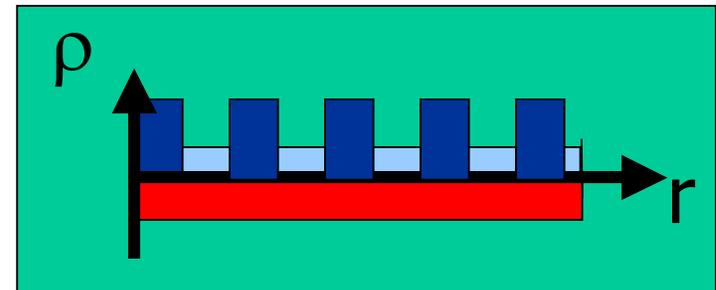
$$f \equiv (1-x)f_A + xf_B$$

$$n = (1-x)n_A + xn_B$$

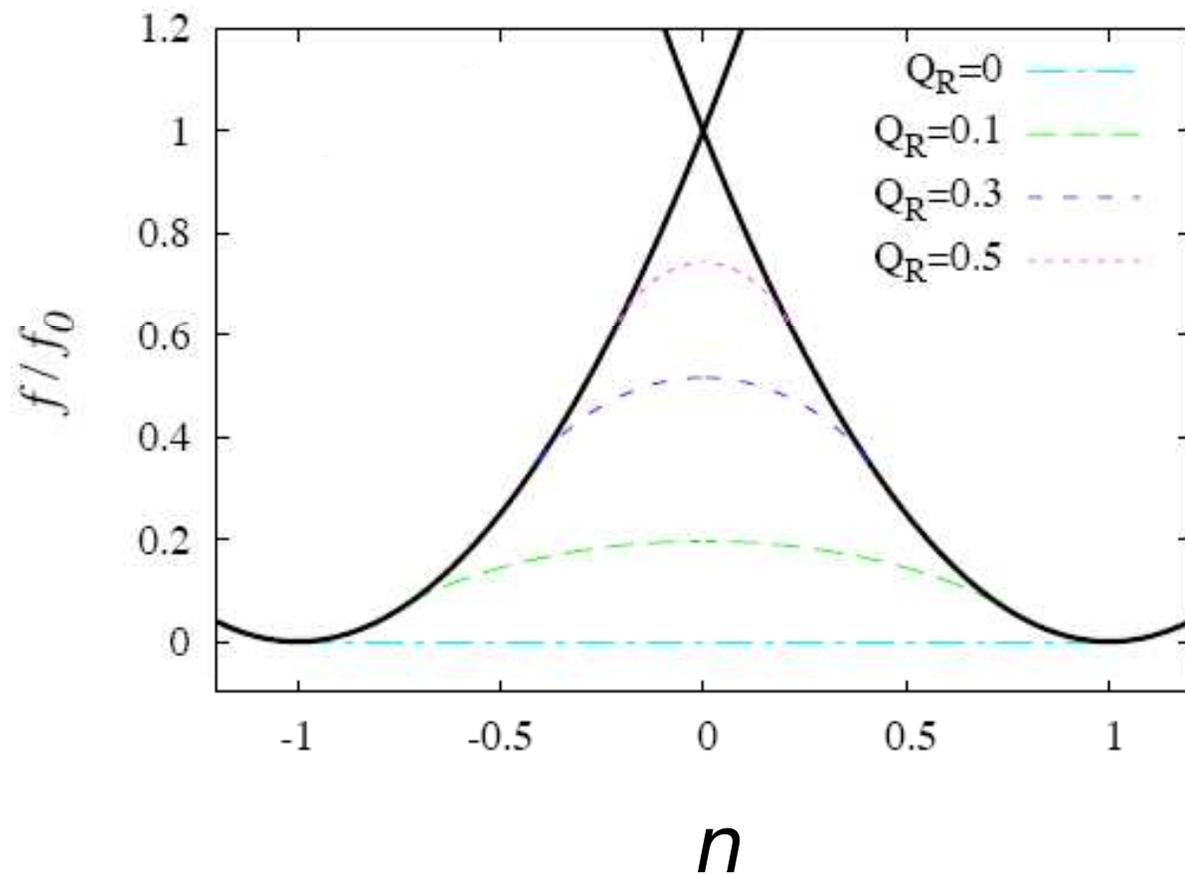
Mesososcopic separation



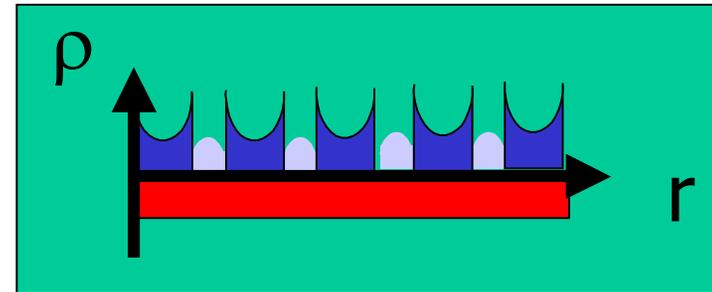
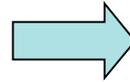
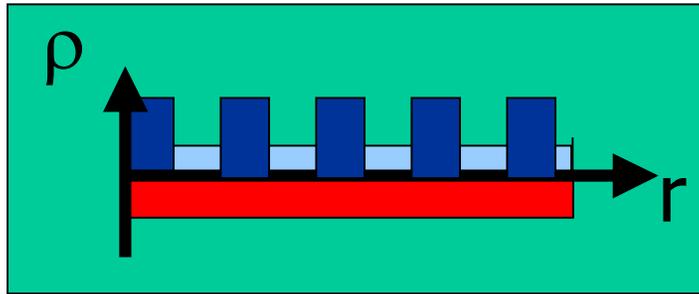
$$f \equiv (1-x)f_A + xf_B + e_{surf} + e_{Coul}$$
$$n = (1-x)n_A + xn_B$$



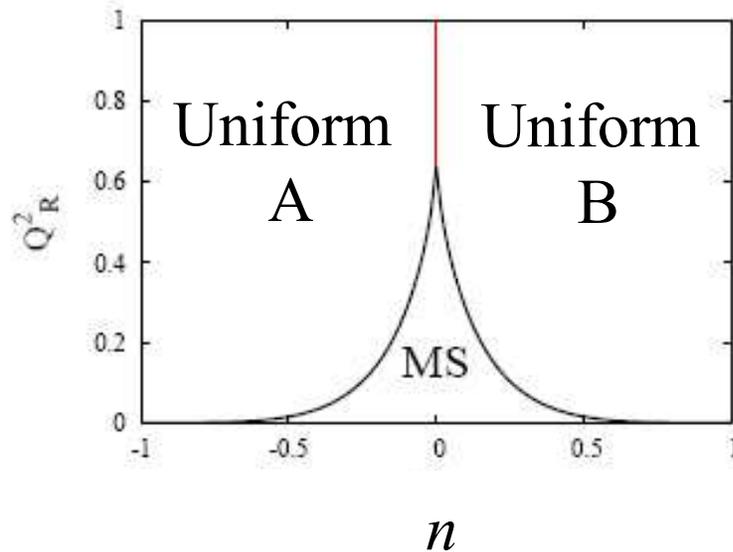
Energy of mixed phases



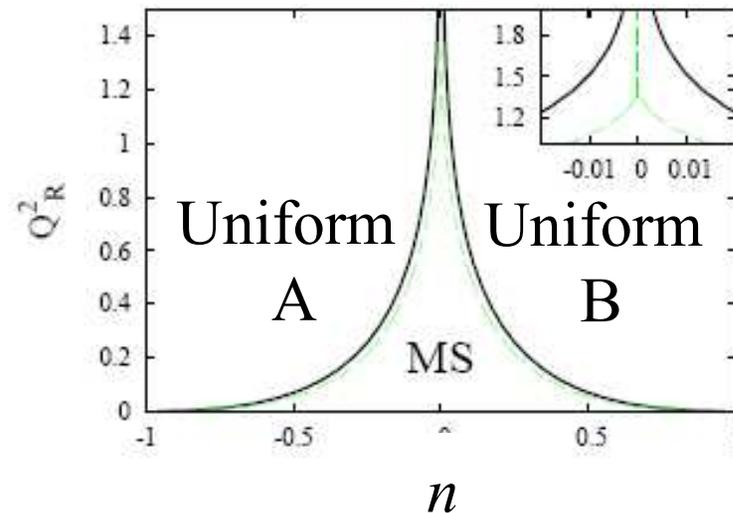
Charge Relaxation and Phase Diagram



3D



2D

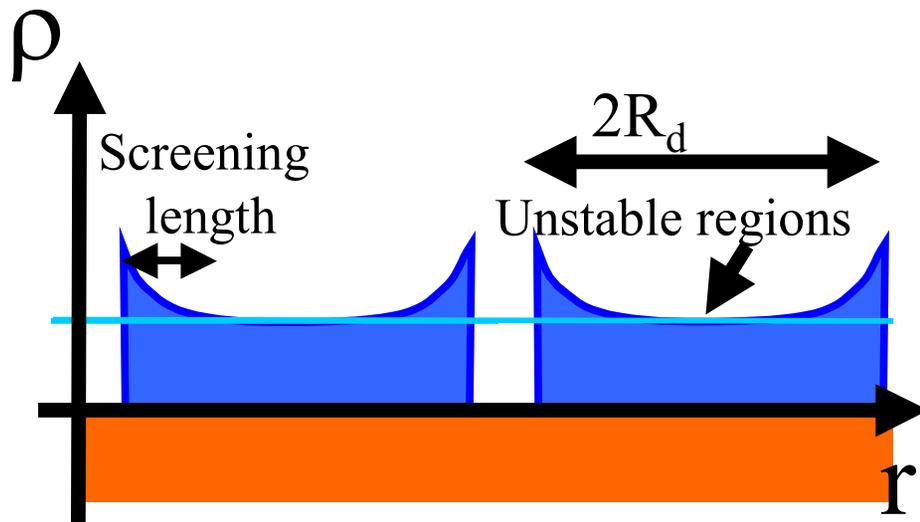


Jamei, Spivak, Kivelson, PRL, 2005

Ortiz, Lorenzana, Beccaria and Di Castro PRB, 2007.

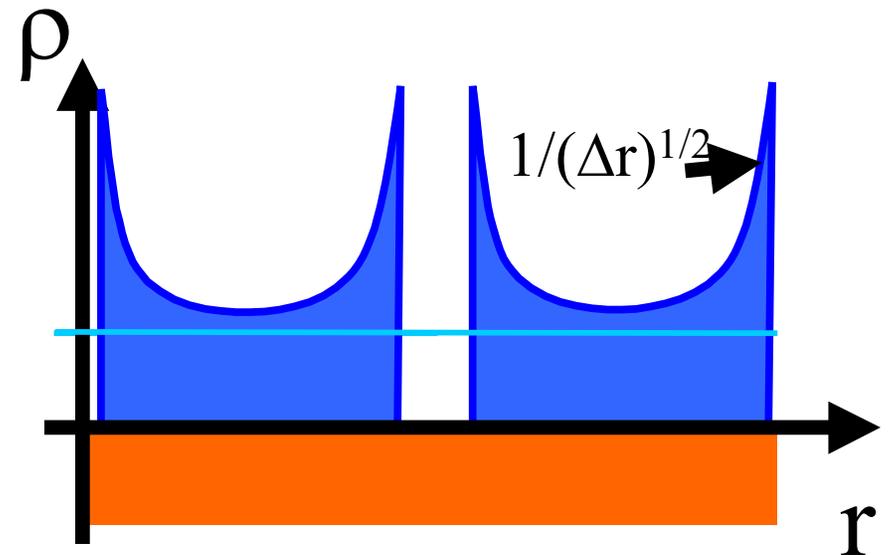
Charge relaxation and maximum

3D size rule 2D



$$R_d < l_s$$

Condition too stringent
for Mesoscopic phase
separation in good metals



No bound for R_d

Mesoscopic phase
separation favored

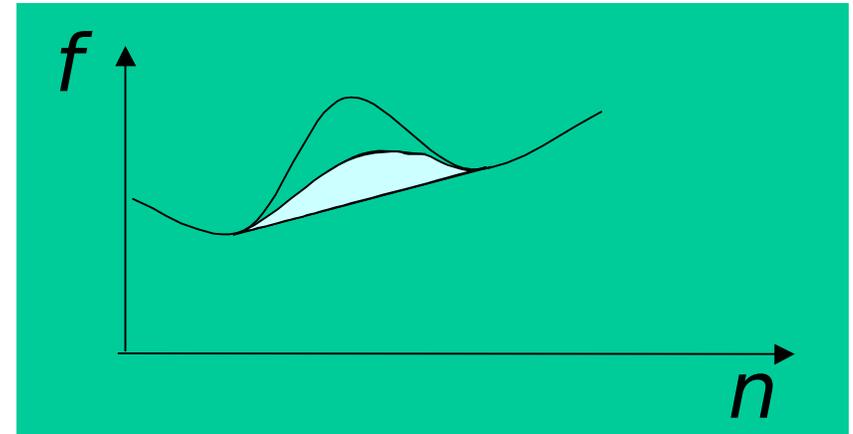
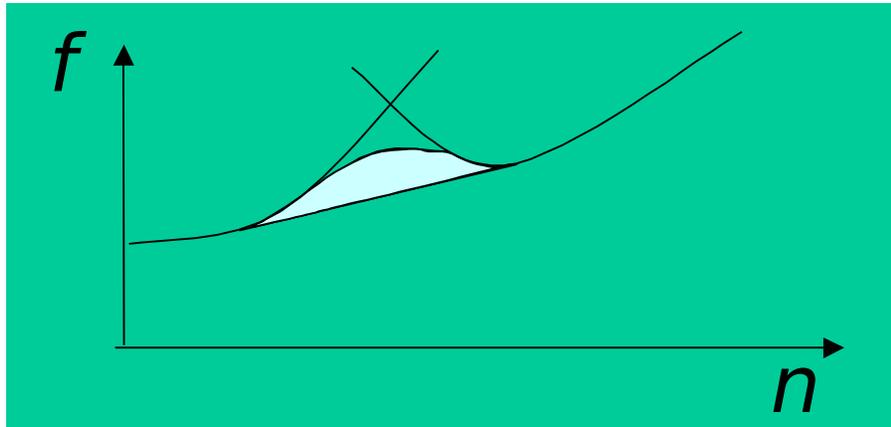
Lorenzana, Castellani, Di Castro PRB (2002)

Ortiz, Lorenzana, Di Castro, PRB (2006)

Universality Classes

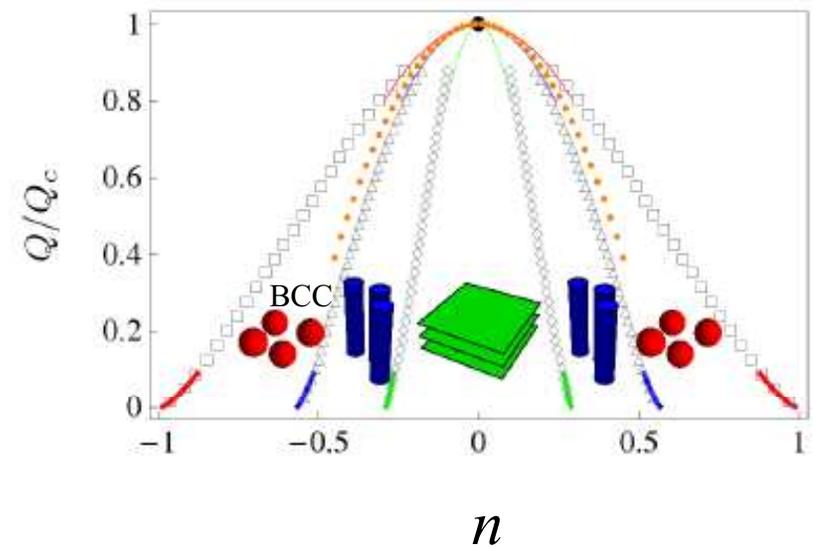
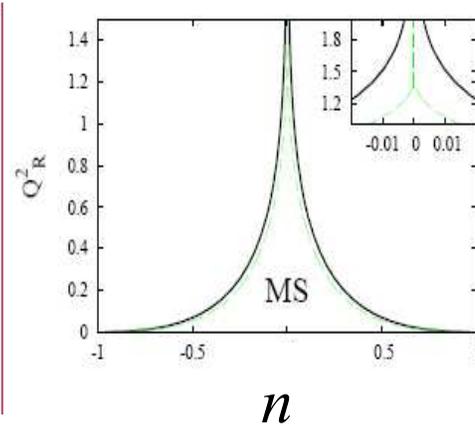
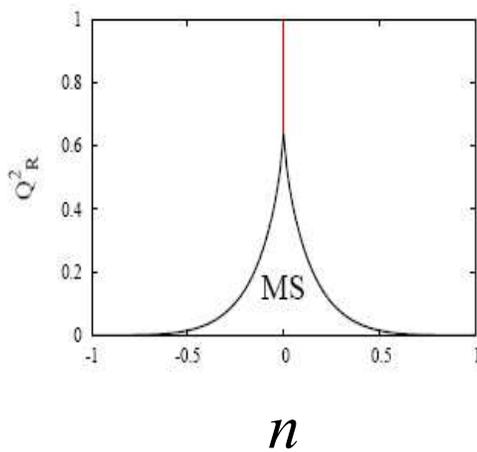
Cusp Singularity

Negative Compressibility



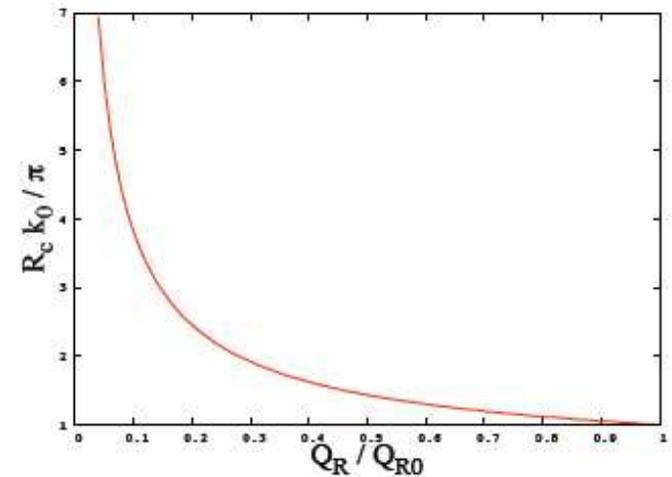
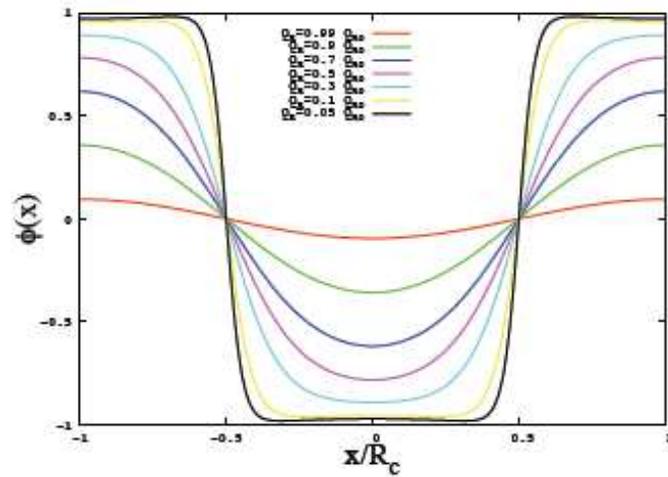
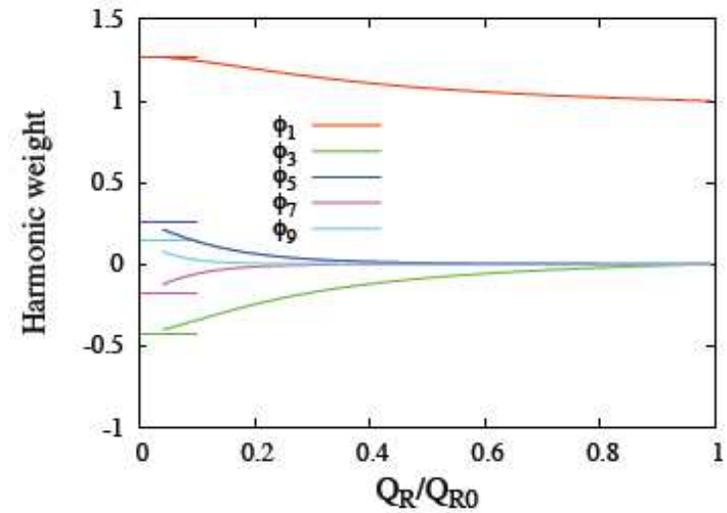
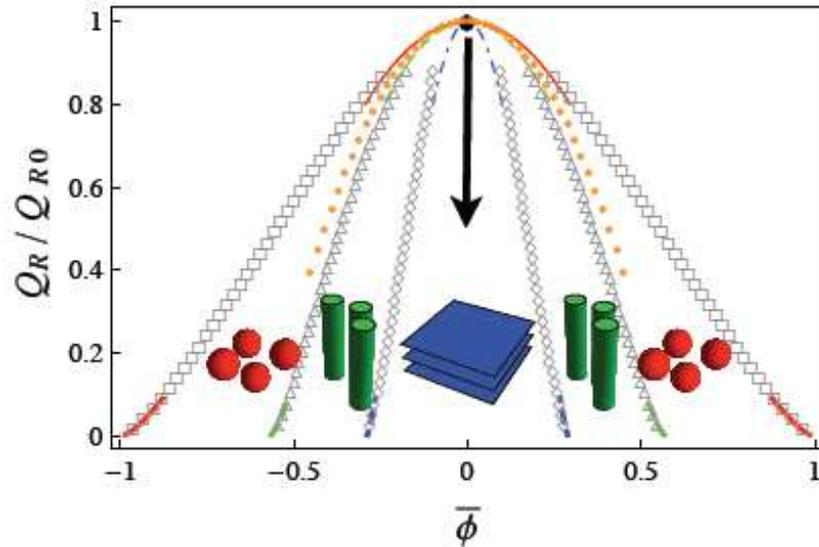
3D

2D



$\phi^4 + \text{Coulomb}$

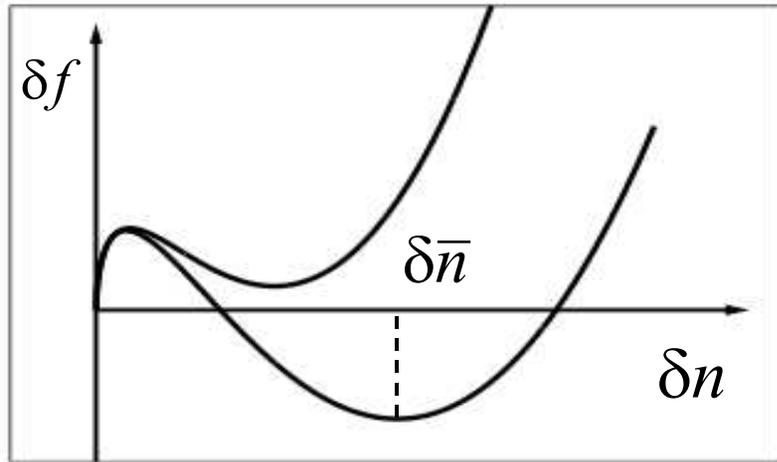
Building of unharmonicity



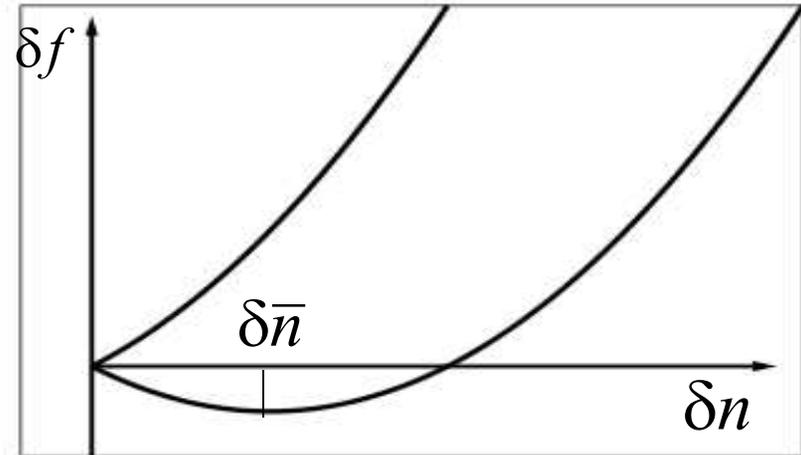
Conclusions

- Two universality classes
 - Cusp singularity:
 - In 2D there is an intermediate inhomogeneous phase for any Coulomb strength whereas in 3D there is a critical Coulomb strength.
 - Negative Compressibility:
 - Critical point with weakly first order transition around independently of dimensionality.
 - Close to the critical point: BCC ► Triangular ► Layered sequence
 - Weak Coupling Universality
 - Universal maximum size rule.

3-D SYSTEMS



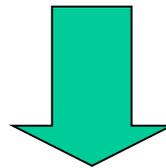
2-D SYSTEMS



$$\delta f(\delta n = \delta \bar{n}) < 0$$

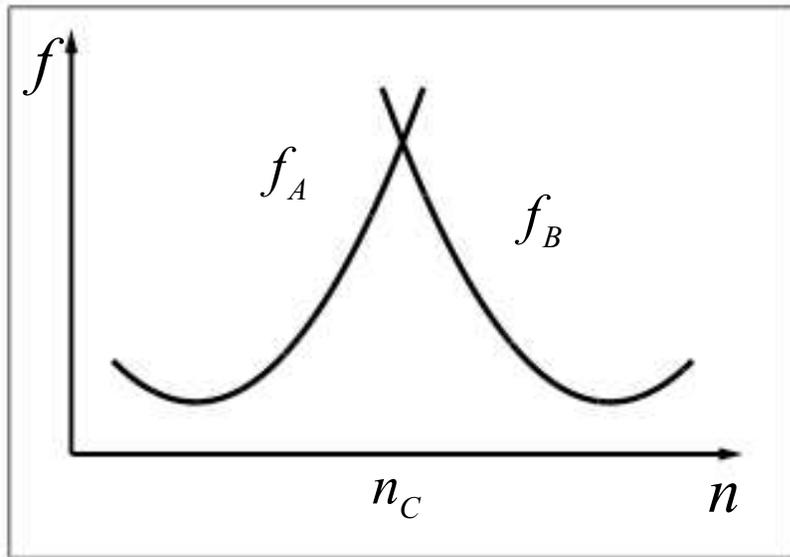
$$\left(\frac{\sigma^2 e^2}{\epsilon_0}\right) \frac{1}{\delta \mu^3} < \delta \bar{n} < \kappa \delta \mu$$

$$\delta \mu > \left(\frac{\sigma e^2}{\epsilon_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$



$$\lambda = \frac{\text{Characteristic mixing energy}}{\text{Characteristic phase separation energy}} < \lambda_c \sim 1$$

FRUSTRATED PHASE SEPARATION



$$f_{A,B} = f(n_C) + \mu_{A,B}(n_{A,B} - n_C) + \frac{1}{2\kappa}(n_{A,B} - n_C)^2$$

$$f_{FPS} = v f_B + (1-v) f_A + e_c + e_\sigma$$

Mixing Energy

For arbitrary dimension:

$$\delta f_{n=n_c} = -v(1-v)\delta n\delta\mu + v(1-v)\frac{\delta n^2}{2\kappa} + \left(\frac{\sigma^{d-1}e^2}{\epsilon_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{d}}\delta n^{\frac{2}{d}}u(v)$$

$$\delta\mu = \frac{\delta n^{MC}}{\kappa}$$

σ = Surface tension

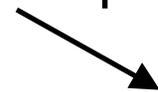
$$L = \left(\frac{\sigma \epsilon_0}{e^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{d}} \delta \bar{n}^{-\frac{2}{d}} \quad \text{Typical size of inhomogeneities} \quad l_s = \left(\frac{\epsilon_0}{e^2 \kappa} \right)^{\frac{1}{d-1}} \quad \text{Screening length}$$

3D systems:

Minimum condition



$$\delta \bar{n} > \frac{\delta n^{MC}}{4}$$



$$L = \sqrt{\lambda} l_s \left(\frac{\delta \bar{n}}{\delta n^{MC}} \right)^{-\frac{2}{3}} < l_s$$

2D systems:

Absence of lower bound for $\delta \bar{n}$

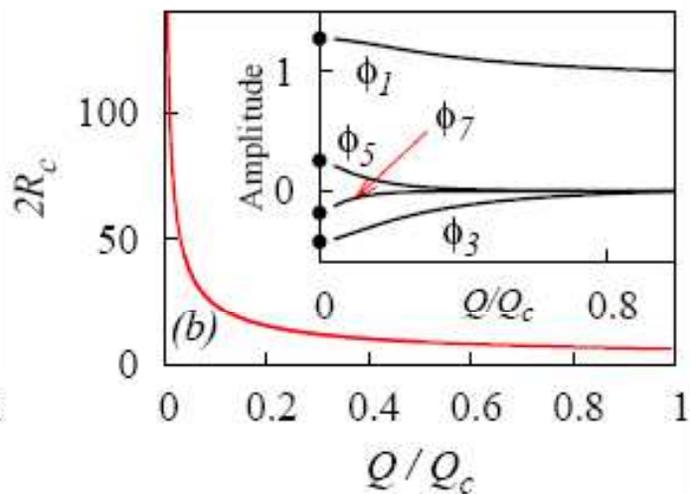
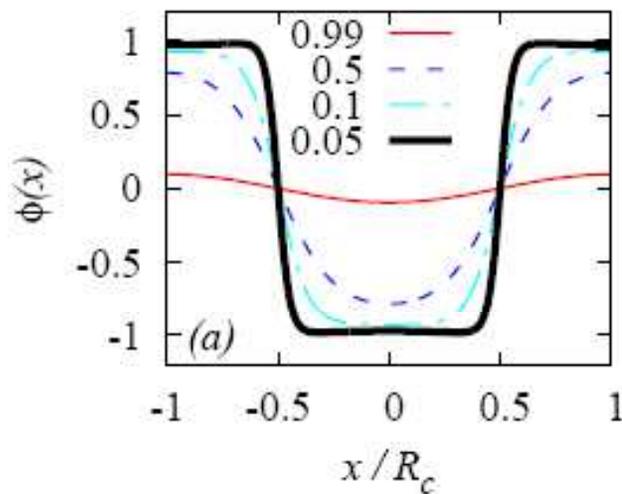
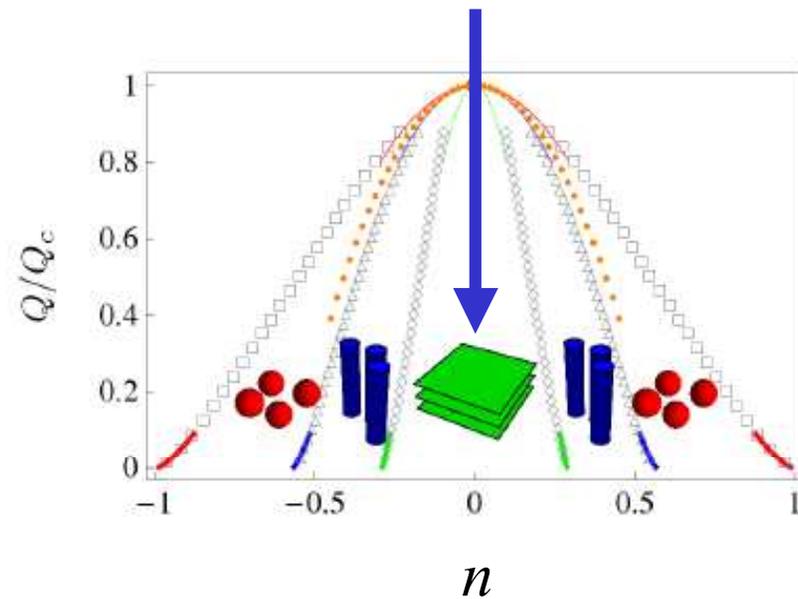


$$L = \lambda l_s \left(\frac{\delta \bar{n}}{\delta n^{MC}} \right)^{-1}$$

Not limited by the screening length

2-D systems more prone to FPS

Building of unharmonicity



Ortiz, Lorenzana, Di Castro, PRL (2008)